

5V RS232 Transceiver with 3V Logic Interface and One Receiver Active in Shutdown

FEATURES

- **3V Logic Interface**
- ESD Protection over $\pm 10\text{kV}$
- Uses Small Capacitors: $0.1\mu\text{F}$, $0.2\mu\text{F}$, $1.0\mu\text{F}$
- One Low Power Receiver Remains Active While in Shutdown
- Pin Compatible with LT1137A and LT1237
- 120kbaud Operation for $R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 2500\text{pF}$
- 250kbaud Operation for $R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 1000\text{pF}$
- CMOS Comparable Low Power: 30mW
- Easy PC Layout—Flowthrough Architecture
- Rugged Bipolar Design
- Outputs Assume a High Impedance State When Off or Powered Down
- Absolutely No Latchup
- $60\mu\text{A}$ Supply Current in Shutdown
- Available in SO and SSOP Packages

APPLICATIONS

- Notebook Computers
- Palmtop Computers

DESCRIPTION

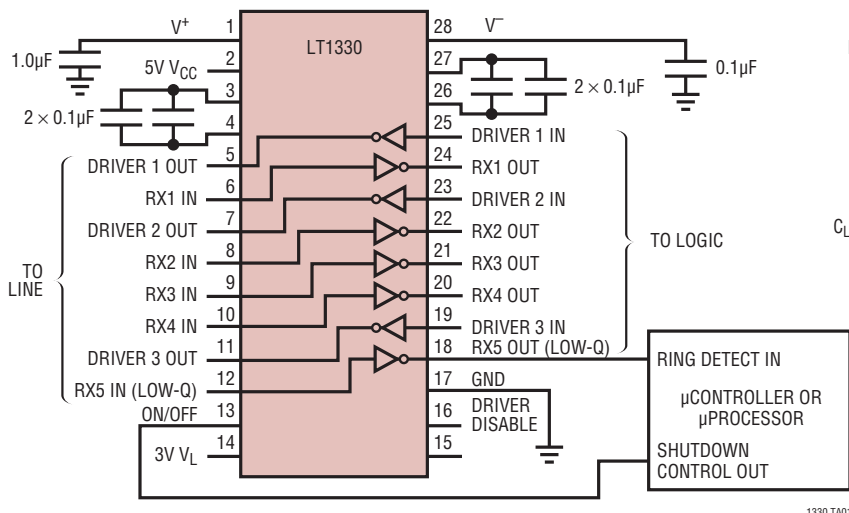
The LT[®]1330 is a three driver, five receiver RS232 transceiver with low supply current. Designed to interface with new 3V logic, the LT1330 operates with both a 5V power supply and a 3V logic power supply. The chip may be shut down to micropower operation with one receiver remaining active to monitor RS232 inputs such as ring detect from a modem.

The LT1330 is fully compliant with all EIA RS232 specifications. Additionally, the RS232 line input and output pins are resilient to multiple $\pm 10\text{kV}$ ESD strikes. This eliminates the need for costly TransZorbs[®] on line pins for the RS232 part.

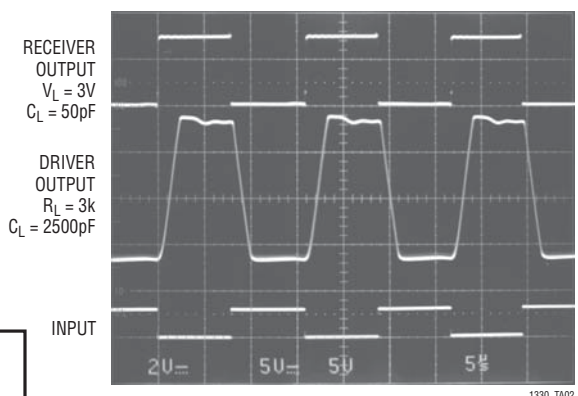
The LT1330 operates to 120kbaud even driving high capacitive loads. During shutdown, driver and receiver outputs are at a high impedance state allowing devices to be paralleled.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION



Output Waveforms



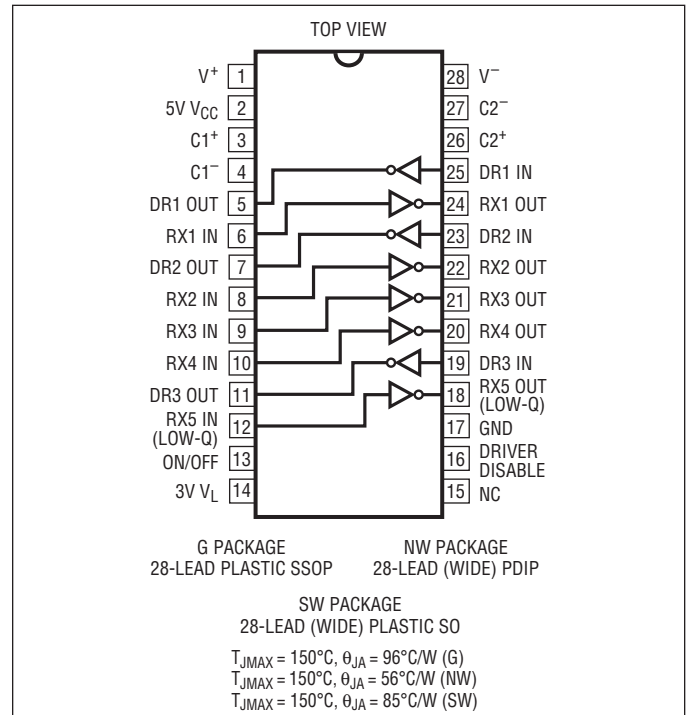
LT1330

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	6V
Supply Voltage (V_L)	6V
V^+	13.2V
V^-	-13.2V
Input Voltage	
Driver	V^- to V^+
Receiver	-30V to 30V
Output Voltage	
Driver	-30V to 30V
Receiver	-0.3V to $V_L + 0.3V$
Short-Circuit Duration	
V^+	30 sec
V^-	30 sec
Driver Output	Indefinite
Receiver Output	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range	
LT1330C	0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PIN CONFIGURATION



Consult factory for Military grade parts.

ORDER INFORMATION

LEAD FREE FINISH	TAPE AND REEL	PART MARKING	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE
LT1330CG#PBF	LT1330CG#TRPBF	LT1330CG	28-Lead Plastic SSOP	0°C to 70°C
LT1330CNW#PBF	LT1330CNW#TRPBF	LT1330CNW	28-Lead (Wide) PDIP	0°C to 70°C
LT1330CSW#PBF	LT1330CSW#PBF	LT1330CSW	28-Lead (Wide) Plastic SO	0°C to 70°C

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

Consult LTC Marketing for information on non-standard lead based finish parts.

For more information on lead free part marking, go to: <http://www.linear.com/leadfree/>

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: <http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/>

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range (0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 70°C for commercial grade). (Note 2)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power Supply Generator					
V^+ Output			7.9		V
V^- Output			-7		V
Supply Current (V_{CC})	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Note 3)		6	12	mA
			6	14	mA
Supply Current (V_L)	(Note 4)		0.1	1	mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range ($0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for commercial grade). (Note 2)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Current When OFF (V_{CC})	Shutdown (Note 5) Driver Disable	●		0.06 3.00	0.15	mA mA
Supply Rise Time Shutdown to Turn-On	$C_1 = C_2 = 0.2\mu\text{F}$ $C^+ = 1.0\mu\text{F}$, $C^- = 0.1\mu\text{F}$			0.2		ms
ON/OFF Pin Thresholds	Input Low Level (Device Shutdown) Input High Level (Device Enabled)	● ●	0.8	1.4 1.4	2.4	V V
ON/OFF Pin Current	$0\text{V} \leq V_{\text{ON/OFF}} \leq 5\text{V}$	●	-15		80	μA
DRIVER DISABLE Pin Thresholds	Input Low Level (Drivers Enabled) Input High Level (Drivers Disabled)	● ●	0.8	1.4 1.4	2.4	V V
DRIVER DISABLE Pin Current	$0\text{V} \leq V_{\text{DRIVER DISABLE}} \leq 5\text{V}$	●	-10		500	μA
Oscillator Frequency	Driver Outputs Loaded $R_L = 3\text{k}$			130		kHz

Any Driver

Output Voltage Swing	Load = 3k to GND	Positive Negative	● ●	5 -6.3	7.5 -5	V V
Logic Input Voltage Level	Input Low Level ($V_{\text{OUT}} = \text{High}$) Input High Level ($V_{\text{OUT}} = \text{Low}$)		● ●	2	1.4 1.4	0.8 V V
Logic Input Current	$0.8\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 2\text{V}$	●		5	20	μA
Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{\text{OUT}} = 0\text{V}$			± 9	17	mA
Output Leakage Current	Shutdown $V_{\text{OUT}} = \pm 30\text{V}$ (Note 5)	●		10	100	μA
Data Rate (Note 8)	$R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 2500\text{pF}$ $R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 1000\text{pF}$		120 250			kBAUD kBAUD
Slew Rate	$R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 51\text{pF}$ $R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 2500\text{pF}$		4	15 15	30	V/ μs V/ μs
Propagation Delay	Output Transition t_{HL} High to Low (Note 6) Output Transition t_{LH} Low to High			0.6 0.5	1.3 1.3	μs μs

Any Receiver

Input Voltage Thresholds	Input Low Threshold ($V_{\text{OUT}} = \text{High}$) Input High Threshold ($V_{\text{OUT}} = \text{Low}$)		0.8	1.3 1.7	2.4	V V
Hysteresis		●	0.1	0.4	1	V
Input Resistance	$V_{\text{IN}} = \pm 10\text{V}$		3	5	7	k Ω
Output Leakage Current	Shutdown (Note 5) $0 \leq V_{\text{OUT}} \leq V_{\text{CC}}$	●		1	10	μA

Receivers 1, 2, 3, 4

Output Voltage	Output Low, $I_{\text{OUT}} = -1.6\text{mA}$ Output High, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 160\mu\text{A}$ ($V_L = 3\text{V}$)	● ●	2.7	0.2 2.9	0.4	V V
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sinking Current, $V_{\text{OUT}} = V_{\text{CC}}$ Sourcing Current, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0\text{V}$		-10 10	-20 20		mA mA
Propagation Delay	Output Transition t_{HL} High to Low (Note 7) Output Transition t_{LH} Low to High			250 350	600 600	ns ns

Receiver 5 (LOW Q-CURRENT RX)

Output Voltage	Output Low, $I_{\text{OUT}} = -500\mu\text{A}$ Output High, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 160\mu\text{A}$ ($V_L = 3\text{V}$)	● ●	2.7	0.2 2.9	0.4	V V
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sinking Current, $V_{\text{OUT}} = V_{\text{CC}}$ Sourcing Current, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0\text{V}$		-2 2	-4 4		mA mA
Propagation Delay	Output Transition t_{HL} High to Low (Note 7) Output Transition t_{LH} Low to High			1 1	3 3	μs μs

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range ($0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for commercial grade).

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: Testing done at $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ and $V_{ON/OFF} = 3\text{V}$.

Note 3: Supply current is measured as the average over several charge pump burst cycles. $C^+ = 1.0\mu\text{F}$, $C^- = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $C1 = C2 = 0.2\mu\text{F}$. All outputs are open, with all driver inputs tied high.

Note 4: V_L supply current is measured with all receiver outputs low.

Note 5: Measurements in shutdown are performed with $V_{ON/OFF} \leq 0.1\text{V}$.

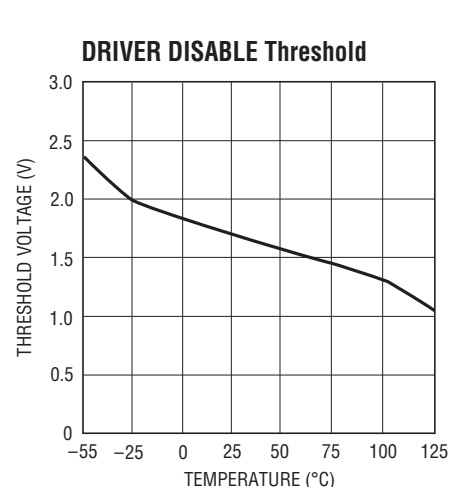
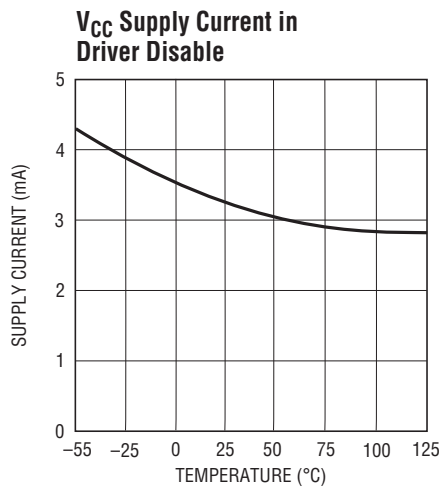
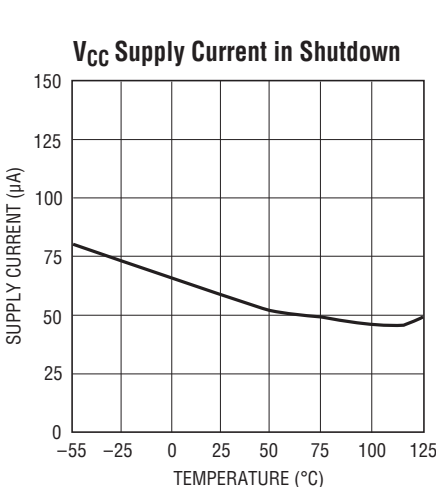
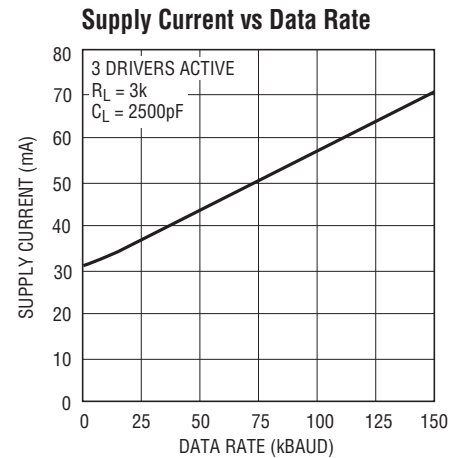
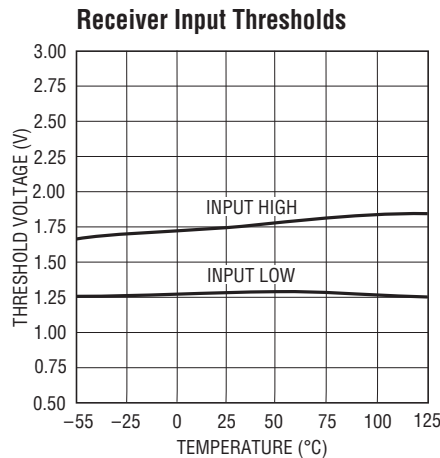
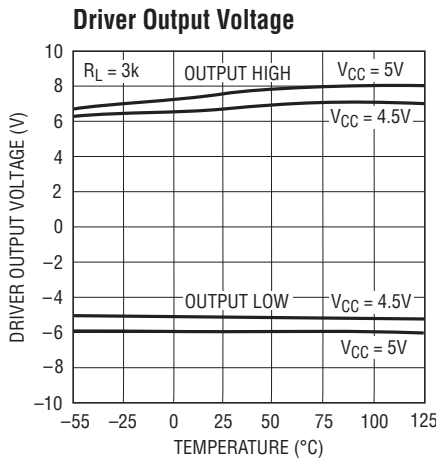
Supply current measurements using driver disable are performed with $V_{DRIVER\ DISABLE} \geq 3\text{V}$.

Note 6: For driver delay measurements, $R_L = 3\text{k}$ and $C_L = 51\text{pF}$. Trigger points are set between the driver's input logic threshold and the output transition to the zero crossing ($t_{HL} = 1.4\text{V}$ to 0V and $t_{LH} = 1.4\text{V}$ to 0V).

Note 7: For receiver delay measurements, $C_L = 51\text{pF}$. Trigger points are set between the receiver's input logic threshold and the output transition to standard TTL/CMOS logic threshold ($t_{HL} = 1.3\text{V}$ to 2.4V and $t_{LH} = 1.7\text{V}$ to 0.8V).

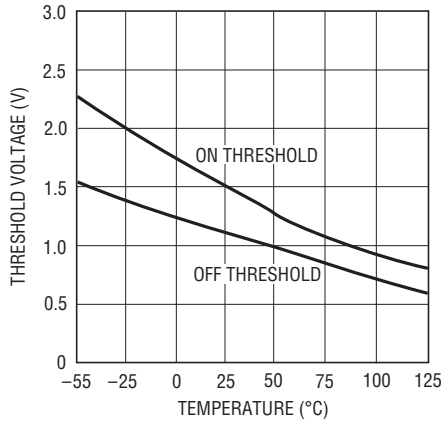
Note 8: Data rate operation guaranteed by slew rate, short-circuit current and propagation delay tests.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



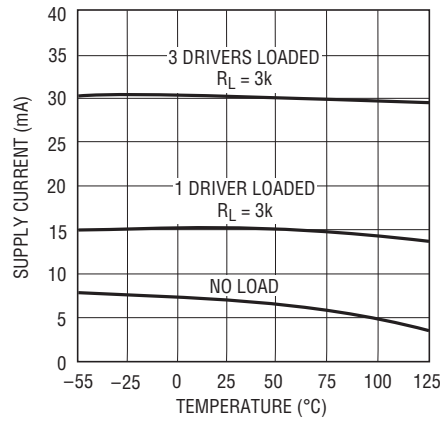
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

ON/OFF Thresholds



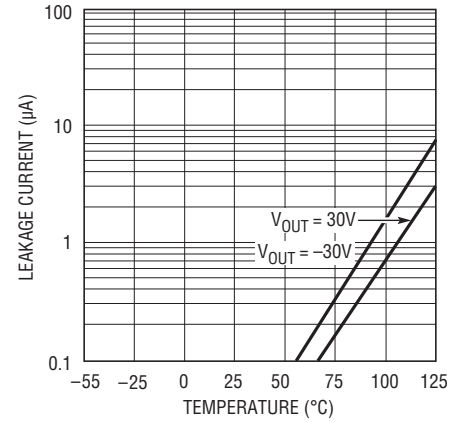
1330 G07

V_{CC} Supply Current



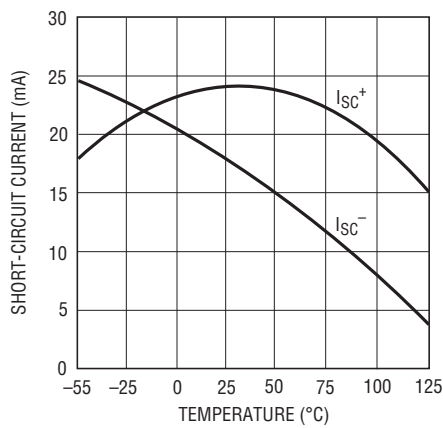
1330 G08

Driver Leakage in Shutdown



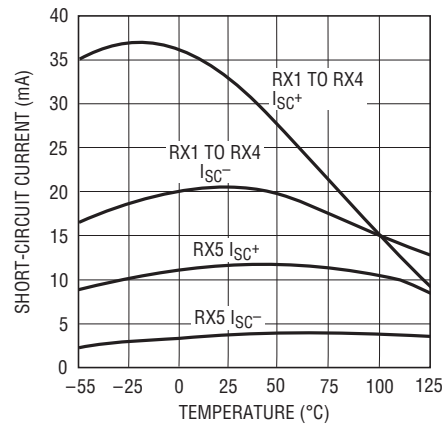
1330 G09

Driver Short-Circuit Current



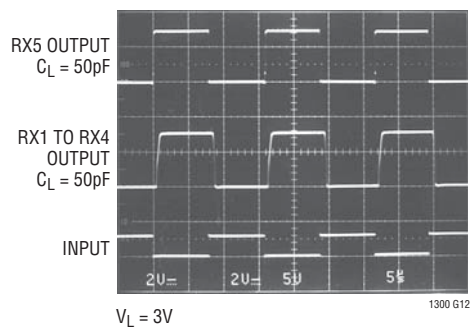
1330 G10

Receiver Short-Circuit Current



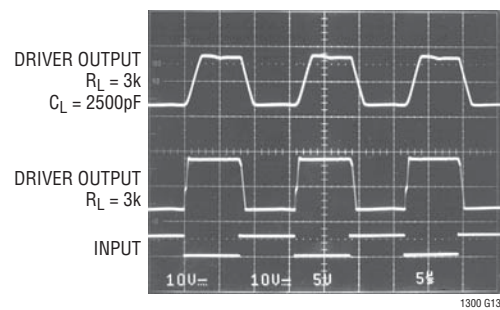
1330 G11

Receiver Output Waveforms



1300 G12

Driver Output Waveforms



1300 G13

PIN FUNCTIONS

V_{CC}: 5V Input Supply Pin. This pin should be decoupled with a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor close to the package pin. Insufficient supply bypassing can result in low output drive levels and erratic charge pump operation.

V_L: 3V Logic Supply Pin for all RS232 Receivers. Like V_{CC}, the V_L input should be decoupled with a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor. This pin may also be connected to 5V.

GND: Ground Pin.

ON/OFF: TTL/CMOS Compatible Operating Mode Control. A logic low puts the device in the low power shutdown mode. All three drivers and four receivers (RX1, RX2, RX3, and RX4) assume a high impedance output state in shutdown. Only receiver RX5 remains active while the transceiver is in shutdown. The transceiver consumes only 60μA of supply current while in shutdown. A logic high fully enables the transceiver.

DRIVER DISABLE: This pin provides an alternate control for the charge pump and RS232 drivers. A logic high on this pin shuts down the charge pump and places all driver outputs in a high impedance state. All five receivers remain active under these conditions. Floating the driver disable pin or driving it to a logic low level fully enables the transceiver. A logic low on the ON/OFF pin supersedes the state of the DRIVER DISABLE pin. Supply current drops to 3mA when in driver disable mode.

V⁺: Positive Supply Output. $V^+ \approx 2V_{CC} - 1.5V$. This pin requires an external charge storage capacitor, $C \geq 1.0\mu F$, tied to ground or 5V. Larger value capacitors may be used to reduce supply ripple. The ratio of the capacitors on V⁺ and V⁻ should be greater than 5 to 1.

V⁻: Negative Supply Output. $V^- \approx -(2V_{CC} - 2.5V)$. This pin requires an external charge storage capacitor, $C \geq 0.1\mu F$. See the Applications Information section for guidance in choosing filter capacitors for V⁺ and V⁻.

C1⁺, C1⁻, C2⁺, C2⁻: Commutating Capacitor Inputs require two external capacitors, $C \geq 0.2\mu F$: one from C1⁺ to C1⁻, and another from C2⁺ to C2⁻. The capacitor's effective series resistance should be less than 2Ω. For $C \geq 1\mu F$, low ESR tantalum capacitors work well, although ceramic capacitors may be used with a minimal reduction in charge pump compliance.

DRIVER IN: RS232 Driver Input Pins. These inputs are TTL/CMOS compatible. Unused inputs should be connected to V_{CC}.

DRIVER OUT: Driver Outputs at RS232 Voltage Levels. Driver output swing meets RS232 levels for loads up to 3k. Slew rates are controlled for lightly loaded lines. Output current capability is sufficient for load conditions up to 2500pF. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in shutdown mode, V_{CC} = 0V, or when the DRIVER DISABLE pin is active. Outputs are fully short-circuit protected from V⁻ + 30V to V⁺ - 30V. Applying higher voltages will not damage the device if the overdrive is moderately current limited. Short circuits on one output can load the power supply generator and may disrupt the signal levels of the other outputs. The driver outputs are protected against ESD to ±10kV for human body model discharges.

RX IN: Receiver Inputs. These pins accept RS232 level signals (±30V) into a protected 5k terminating resistor. The receiver inputs are protected against ESD to ±10kV for human body model discharges. Each receiver provides 0.4V of hysteresis for noise immunity. Open receiver inputs assume a logic low state.

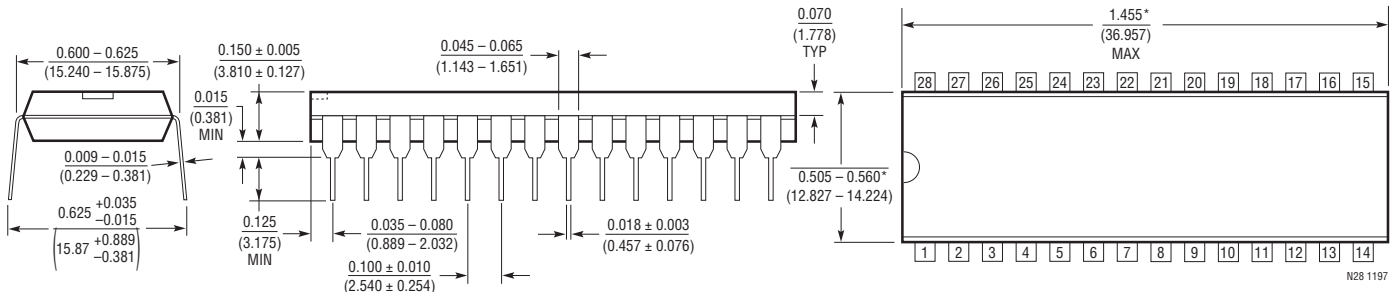
RX OUT: Receiver Outputs with TTL/CMOS Voltage Levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in shutdown mode to allow data line sharing. Outputs, including LOW-Q RX OUT, are fully short-circuit protected to ground or V_{CC} with the power on, off, or in shutdown mode.

LOW Q-CURRENT RX IN: Low Power Receiver Input. This special receiver remains active when the part is in shutdown mode, consuming typically 60μA. This receiver has the same 5k input impedance and ±10kV ESD protection characteristics as the other receivers.

LOW Q-CURRENT RX OUT: Low Power Receiver Output. This pin produces the same TTL/CMOS output voltage levels as receivers RX1, RX2, RX3, and RX4 with slightly decreased speed and short-circuit current. Data rates to 120kbaud are supported by this receiver.

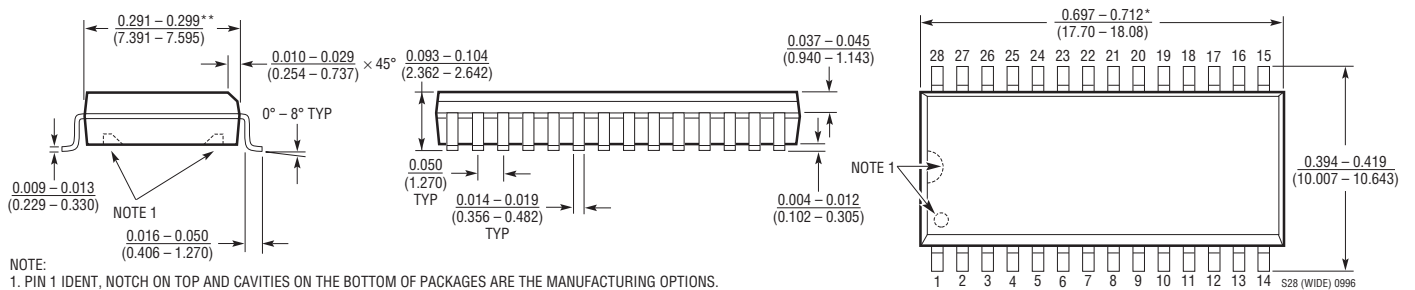
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

NW Package 28-Lead PDIP (Wide 0.600) (LTC DWG # 05-08-1520)



*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 INCH (0.254mm)

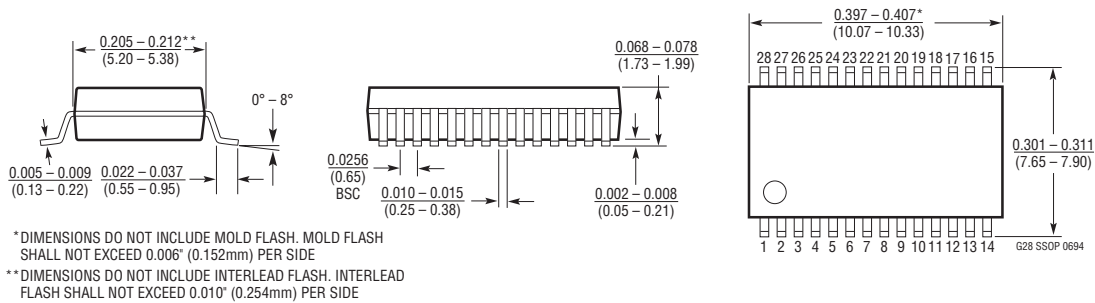
SW Package 28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Wide 0.300) (LTC DWG # 05-08-1620)



NOTE:
1. PIN 1 IDENT, NOTCH ON TOP AND CAVITIES ON THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGES ARE THE MANUFACTURING OPTIONS.
THE PART MAY BE SUPPLIED WITH OR WITHOUT ANY OF THE OPTIONS
*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE
**DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

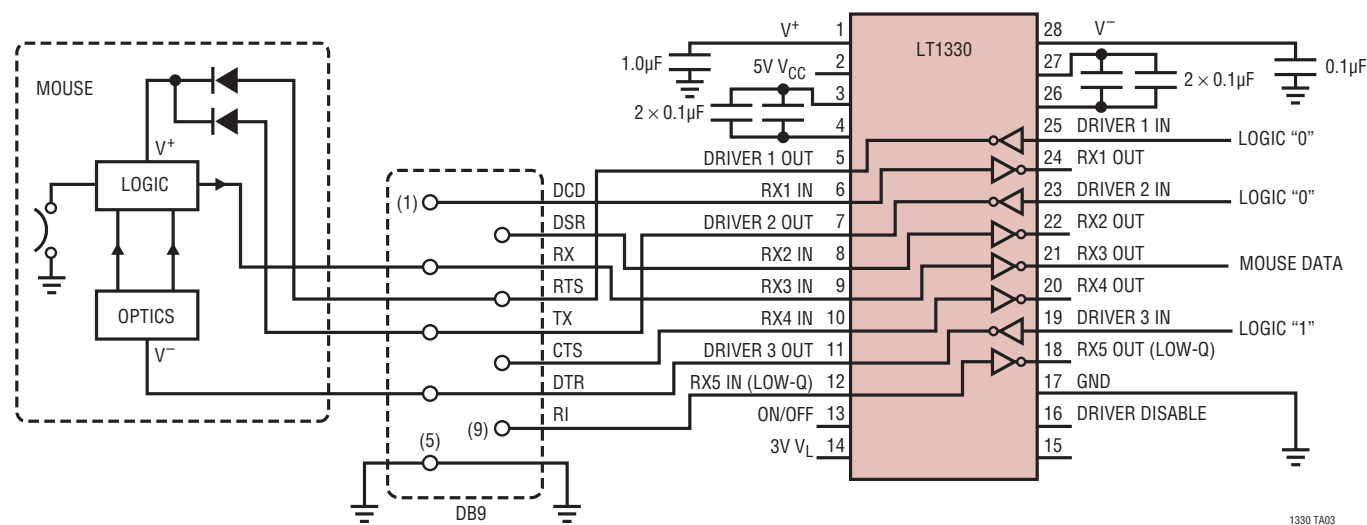
G Package 28-Lead Plastic SSOP (0.209) (LTC DWG # 05-08-1640)



LT1330

TYPICAL APPLICATION

Typical Mouse Driving Application



1330 TA03

RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1137A	5V RS232 Transceiver	IEC-1000-4-2 ESD Compliant
LT1237	RS232 Transceiver	1 Receiver Active in Shutdown
LT1780/LT1781	2 Driver/2 Receiver RS232 Transceivers	IEC-1000-4-2 ESD Compliant

1330fb